



TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1893.

[No. 2593.]

OL IX.]

able Blacksmith and
Wife for Sale.

ALE, a valuable BLACKSMITH,
pretty good Carpenter, with

Enquire of the Printer

PROPOSALS,

BY
BER AND CONRAD,

OF PHILADELPHIA,
AND

S KENNEDY, SENIOR,

ALEXANDRIA, SENIOR,

publishing by Subscription,

GENERAL COLLECTION

OF

ES AND TRAVELS

complete History, of the Ori-

gress of Discovery, by Sea

om the earliest ages to the pre-

ceeded by an Historical Intro-

Critical Catalogue of Books

and Travels: And illustrated

with numerous Engravings.

JOHN PINKERTON,

OF MODERN GEOGRAPHY, &c.

CONDITIONS.

will be handsomely printed,

fine paper and with a new type

out to press as soon as a suffi-

scribers is obtained.

ected the work will be complet-

ele volumes, each containing

and nine hundred pages of let-

is several elegant engravings.

of a volume, or one number,

be published on the first day

at 2 dollars, payable on deliv-

subscribers the price will be co-

hanced.

the names of such as patronise

rk by subscription, will be put

last volume.

English edition sells at 14 doll.

SCRIPTIONS received by Jan

rior, Alexandria.

eph Mandeville,

KING and FAIRFAX STREETS,

ALEXANDRIA:

ved a considerable ad-

on to his Stock,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

heads, } 1st and 2d quality

is } Muscovado Sugars,

reen Coffee

British Patent Shot, assort

Cotton.

first quality Goshen Cheese,

Mould Candles.

clean heavy Pepper.

atmegs.

London refined Saltpetre,

Irish Glue.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy

in, and Padre Souchong Tea

ts, boxes and canisters—mor

qual in quality to any ever in

rt, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Te

laga Wines.

Medoc Claret.

Edward-Island, and North-

aux and Pech Brandy.

Country Gin.

entry Whiske.

Cherry Bounce.

lasses, Havanna, Honey,

ler Vinegar.

Oil in bottles and flasks.

mp Sugars, Chocolate, Rice

at Vendue.

every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and

Water streets.

Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

particulars of which will be expressed in

the bills of the day—All kinds of goods

are on limitation and the prices of

are established, can at any time be

and purchased at the lowest limitation

prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

THE INTRIGUES

OF

The Queen of Spain

WITH THE

Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Pa-

trist, who alone can be acquainted with the

figures and amors of the above personages.

For sale by

Cottom & Stewart.

August 11.

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to fur-

nish outchters and others, Pasturage on our

land for any number of cattle not exceed-

ing 100.

Philip Alexander,

John Luke.

July 29.

FRESH FRUIT.

the subscriber has just received and offers for

sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins

in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

COTTON.

30 bales PRIME UPLAND COTTON

for sale by the subscriber, at a very mode-

rate price and on a liberal credit.

Joseph H. Mandeville.

June 1.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,

A Negro Man, a sailor.—He will be hired

on if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

FOR SALE,

30 hogsheads SUGAR,

150 bags COFFEE,

10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,

40 bales best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

July 10.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS,

Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CI-

GARS warranted of the very first quality

and full contents.

Real Macouba Snuff,

Rappee do. Coarse and Fine,

PRIME NEW YORK

PORK,

FOR SALE BY

Trueman Brahears.

August 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

One elegant London made Patent PIANO

FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pe-

dal.

One plain do. with additional Keys and Pe-

dal.

ON HAND,

One plain home-made do. a little used.

August 9.

FOR SALE,

Or to be rented for a term of years, or on per-

petual ground rent.

A number of well built brick houses, several

of which are immediately tenantable, situ-

uate on Greenleaf's Point.

ALSO,

House Lots in almost every part of the city.

Apply to

James Greenleaf,

Or, in his absence, to

Samuel Elliot, jun.

Washington City, July 6—12. d8w

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLAS

SES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,

"Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,

30 chefts Imperial and Young

Hys in Teas, of the ship Arthur's cargo im-

ported in June last.

ALSO,

2 pipes & half pipes choice

old Port Wine.

10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.

200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22.

Just Received, and now offered

for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats,

viz.

Orange Peel,

Mamey Apple,

Pine Apple,

Ginger.

Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.

Tamarinds.

Excellent Lemons in boxes.

Limes, and Oranges.

Smoked and pickled Salmon.

Sounds and Tongues.

Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.

Thos. Patten.

August 22.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-

dria or its vicinity.

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military

services during the revolutionary war. This

For PHILADELPHIA,

(IN A FEW DAYS)

The Sloop Unity,

CALEB HAND, Master;

For freight or passage, apply

to the master on board at Vowell's wharf, or

to

Daniel McLean,

Who has for Sale,

Cotton and Cork by the bale,

Coffee in bags and barrels,

Lemons and Segars in boxes,

And a few hogsheads Scotch Snuff in blad-

ders.

September 9

For Freight or Charter,

The Schooner

INDEPENDENCE,

Burden 110 tons, or about 900

barrels, will proceed to any eastern port or

St. Bartholomews. Apply to

John G. Ladd.

August 29.

FOR SALE,

The Schooner

FREIGHTER,

Burthen about 650 barrels, 2

years old, is an excellent substantial vessel—

will be sold on liberal terms.

Apply to

Lawson & Fowle.

Who have received by said schooner,

50,000 feet Northern Lumber

200 reams Writing Paper,

100 do. Wrapping do.

IN STORE,

60 quarter casks Catalina Wine, of a

superior quality, entitled to de-

benture

50,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee

30,000 do. Red Soil Leather

120 bolts Russia and Ravens Duck

1 case German Checks

1 do. Dimities and Calicoes

2 bales Negro Cottons

Cases men and women's Shoes

49 kegs Red Lead

40 barrels No. 1 Pork

Mould Candles

100 boxes No. 1 and 2 Chocolate.

ALSO FOR SALE,

The fast sailing sloop

Maria Antionette,

Carries about 500 barrels, built

in New York of locust and cedar,

is a very strong vessel and can be sent to sea

at a trifling expence.

Apply as above.

September 2.

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next, will be sold, at the

Vendue Store,

A number of valuable Medi-

cal Books.

A list of them may be seen by calling at

the store.

P. G. Marsteller.

September 8.

TO RENT,

Baltimore College Lottery.

The price of tickets in the above Lottery

will on Monday next be raised to \$11 and on

the first of October to \$11 50.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 4 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

FOREIGN.

(VIA NORFOLK.)

SUPPLEMENT
TO THE LONDON GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, JULY 11.

An account of the Battle fought near Aspern, on the Marchfeld, on the 21st and 22d of May, 1809, between the archduke Charles of Austria, generalissimo of the Imperial Austrian armies, and the emperor Napoleon, commander in chief of the French and allied armies.

[CONCLUDED.]

Battle of the 22d of May.

Corps of Lieut. Gen. Hiller.

With the morning's dawn the enemy renewed his attacks, which far surpassed in impetuosity those of the preceding day. It was a conflict of valor and mutual exasperation. Scarcely had the French guards compelled gen. Wacquant to abandon Aspern, when the regiment of Klebek again penetrated into the burning village, drove back the choicest troops of the enemy, and engaged in a new contest in the midst of the conflagration, till, at the expiration of an hour, it was also obliged to give way. The regiment of Benjovaky now rushed in, and at the first onset gained possession of the church-yard, the walls of which field marshal lieut. Hiller immediately ordered the first division of pioneers to pull down, and the church, together with the parsonage, to be set on fire. Thus was this regiment, supported by some battalions commanded by gen. Bianchi, at length enabled to maintain itself at the entrance of the village, after overcoming the resistance, bordering on despair, opposed by the flower of the French army.

Neither could the enemy produce any farther effect upon the bushy meadow, after lieut. gen. Hiller had ordered the force there to be supported by two battalions of Anton Mittrowsky's and a battery; on which the Jagers, St. George's, and two battalions of Vitana volunteers, drove him from his advantageous position, which he never afterwards attempted to recover.

At about this time the left wing of the corps was likewise placed in security by 3 batteries sent by the lieut. gen. to support the general of cavalry, count Bellegarde, & the latter maintained his ground against the most desperate attacks of the enemy: the lieut. gen. Hiller kept his position on the left flank of the enemy, and the victory was decided in this quarter. The corps was therefore again formed in two lines, and thus awaited the approaching events.

Corps of the General of Cavalry, Count Bellegarde.

Count Bellegarde having received a message from gen. Wacquant that the enemy was assembling in force before Aspern, towards the Bushy Meadow, and apparently had in view an assault upon that point, was just going to throw a fresh battalion of Argeuteau's into Aspern, when the enemy in heavy columns of infantry and cavalry, supported by a numerous artillery, began to advance upon the centre of the corps in the plain.

The troops stationed at Aspern, exhausted as they were with the incessant fire kept up during the night, were unable to withstand the impetuosity of the attack: their ammunition both for artillery and musquetry began to fail, and general Wacquant retreated in good order to the church-yard. This post, gained at so dear a rate, was again taken from him, after several attacks sustained in conjunction with lieut. general Hiller; the place was alternately taken and lost, till at length the superiority of our fire obliged the enemy to abandon the houses, and a last assault of Hiller's corps prevented all farther attempts.

From the moment of the retaking of Aspern it became possible to oppose an offensive movement to the enemy advancing upon the centre, and to open upon his left flank a communication. The defence of Aspern was therefore left entirely to Hiller's corps, and while count Bellegarde occupied his right wing on Aspern, he formed his left and the centre in the direction of Esslingen, in such a manner that, by degrees, he gained the right flank of the ene-

my, compelled him to retreat, and, by the complete effect of the artillery, brought to bear upon the left wing, which commanded the whole space from Aspern to Esslingen, gave him a most severe defeat.

Corps of Lieutenant-General the Prince Hohenzollern.

The dawn of morning was with this corps also the signal for the renewal of the gigantic conflict. The enemy's infantry was drawn up in large divisions, and between it the whole of the heavy cavalry was formed in masses. The general of cavalry prince Liechtenstein, on observing this order of battle, perceived the necessity of keeping up a close communication with the infantry placed near him: he therefore drew up his right wing en echiquier, behind the corps of infantry, but kept his left wing together, with reserves posted in the rear.

A prodigious quantity of artillery covered the front of the enemy, who seemed desirous to annihilate our corps by the murderous fire of cannon and howitzers. Upwards of 200 pieces of cannon were engaged on both sides and the oldest soldiers never recollected to have witnessed so tremendous a fire.

Vain was every effort to shake the intrepidity of the Austrian troops. Napoleon rode through his ranks, and according to the report of the prisoners, made them acquainted with the destruction of his bridge; but added that he had himself ordered it to be broke down, because in this case there would be no alternative but victory or death. Soon afterwards the whole of the enemy's line put itself in motion, and the cavalry made its principal attack on the point where the corps of cavalry of prince Liechtenstein communicated with the left wing of lieutenant general the prince of Hohenzollern. The engagement now became general; the regiments of Rohan, d'Aspre, Joseph Colored and Stein, repulsed all the attacks of the enemy. The generals were every where at the head of their troops, and inspired them with courage and perseverance. The archduke himself seized on the colors of Zach's, and the battalion, which had already begun to give way, followed with new enthusiasm his heroic example. Most of those who surrounded him were wounded, his adjutant general, count Colledoro, received a ball in his hand, the wound from which was considered dangerous, a squeeze of the hand signified to him the concern of his sympathizing commander, who filled with the contempt of death, now fought for glory and for his country.

The attacks of our impenetrable corps, both with the sabre and the bayonet, so rapidly repeated and so impetuous, as to be unparalleled in military annals, frustrated all the intentions of the enemy.

He was beaten at all points, and astonished at such undaunted intrepidity, he was obliged to abandon the field of battle.

About this time lieut. gen. the prince of Hohenzollern observed on his left wing near Esslingen, a chasm which had been formed during the heat of the engagement, and afforded an advantageous point of attack. Freisch's regiment, commanded by colonel Meesery, was ordered thither in three corps and repulsed four regiments of cavalry, accompanied with infantry and artillery. The corps remained in the position which they had taken, till the grenadiers of the reserve, which the archduke had ordered forward from Brientenlee, arrived to relieve the battalions exhausted with the sanguinary conflict, and continued the attack upon the centre of the enemy's position. Lieut. gen. D'Aspre penetrated with the four battalions of grenadiers of Pizetzinsky, Putcany, Scovaux and Scarlack, without firing a shot to the enemy's cannon, where he was flanked by such a destructive fire from Esslingen, that nothing but the presence of the archduke, who hastened to the spot, could have induced his grenadiers to maintain their ground. Captain count Dombasle had already reached the enemy's battery, when he was wounded by two balls, and quitted the field.

About noon the archduke ordered a new assault upon Esslingen, which was immediately undertaken by field marshal lieut. D'Aspre, with the grenadier battalions of Kirchenbetter and Scovaux on the left, and Scarlack and Gregory in front. Five times did these gallant troops rush up to the very walls of the houses, burning internally, and placed in a state of defence; some of the grenadiers thrust their bayonets into the enemy's loop holes; but their efforts were fruitless, for their antagonists fought the fight of despair. The archduke ordered the grenadiers to take up their former position, and when they afterwards volunteered to renew the assault, he would not permit them as the enemy was then in full retreat.

Corps of Field Marshal Lieutenant Prince Rosenberg.

Both divisions of this corps, which, in advancing to the engagement, had composed the 4th and 5th columns, were formed

before the break of day for a new attack, for which the enemy likewise made preparation on his side, but with a manifest superiority in numbers.

Prince Rosenberg resolved to attack the village of Esslingen with the archduke Charles's regiment of infantry, to push forward his other troops in battalions, and in particular to go and meet the enemy, who was advancing in the open country between Esslingen and the nearest arm of the Danube.

The village was already gained, & his battalions advancing on the left, obliged the enemy, drawn up in several lines to yield. The most violent cannonade was kept up incessantly on both sides, and it was sustained by the troops with the greatest fortitude.

Favored by a fog, which suddenly came on, the enemy's heavy cavalry ventured to attack on all sides the corps formed by Sztrary's and Hiller's regiments of infantry. These brave fellows received them with fixed bayonets, and at the last moment poured in their fire with such effect, that the enemy was compelled to betake himself to flight with considerable loss. Five times were these attacks on Sztrary's and Hiller's regiments repeated, and each time they were repelled with equal courage and resolution. The cavalry contributed all that lay in their power to the pursuit of the enemy and the support of the infantry.

Coburg's, the archduke Louis's, and Czaforsky's regiments belonging to the division of lieut. gen. Dedovich, stationed on the right, renewed the exertions of the preceding day, with the same distinction and the same success. After this severe conflict the enemy seem to have no inclination to expose himself to any fresh disaster, and confine himself merely to the operation of his superior artillery.

About 11 A. M. prince Rosenberg received orders from the archduke, commander in chief, to make a new attack upon Esslingen, and a message to the same effect was sent to lieut. gen. Dedovich, who commanded the right division of this corps.

Prince Rosenberg immediately formed two columns of attack, under the conduct of lieut. generals princes Hohenlohe and Rohan, while lieut. general Dedovich advanced against the citadel of the place, and the magazines surrounded with walls and ditches.

The attack was made with redoubled bravery, and our troops rushed with irresistible impetuosity into the village. Still, however, they found it impossible to maintain this post, into which the enemy kept continually throwing new reinforcements, which was of the utmost importance for covering his retreat, which he already resolved upon, and which he defended with an immense sacrifice of lives. Prince Rosenberg therefore resolved to confine himself to the obstinate maintenance of his own position, to secure the left flank of the army, and to increase the embarrassment of the enemy by an incessant fire from all the batteries.

In the night between the 22d and 23d the enemy accomplished his retreat to the Lobau, and at three in the morning his rear guard also had evacuated Esslingen and all the towns which he had occupied on the left bank of the Danube. Some divisions pursued him closely, and took possession as near as possible of the necessary posts of observation.

Thus terminated a conflict of two days, which will be ever memorable in the annals of the world, and in the history of war. It was the most obstinate and bloody that has occurred since the commencement of the revolution.

It was decisive for the glory of the Austrian arms, for the preservation of the monarchy, and for the correction of the public opinion.

The infantry has entered upon a new and brilliant career, and by the firm confidence it has manifested in its own energies, has paved the way to new victories. The enemy's cavalry has seen its acquired, but hitherto untied glory, dissipated by the masses of our battalions, whose cool intrepidity it was unable to endure.

Cavalry and artillery have surpassed themselves in valor, and in the space of two days have performed achievements sufficient for a whole campaign.

Three pieces of cannon, 7 ammunition waggons, 17,000 French muskets, and about 3,000 cuirasses fell into the hands of the conqueror. The loss on both sides was very great; this, and the circumstance that very few prisoners were taken by either party, proves the determination of the combatants either to conquer or die.

The Austrian army laments the deaths of 87 superior officers, 4199 subalterns and privates.

Lieutenant generals prince Rohan, Dedovich, Web-er and Fren-; generals Wisingerode, Grill, Neustadler, Siegenthal,

Colledoro, May, Hohenfeld, and 663 officers, and 15,661 subalterns and privates were wounded. Of these, 10,000 were taken prisoners by the enemy.

The loss of the enemy was probably accounted for by the effect of our concentric fire on an exceedingly confined space of battle, where all the batteries were directed against one another, and calculated by the following authentic data:

Generals Lasnes, D'Espagne, Su-Blanc and Albuquerque are dead; Massena, sieres, Molitor, Boudet, Leg-Blanc, and the two brothers L-grang, wounded. Durosnel and Fowler taken.

Upwards of 7000 men, and an immense number of horses were buried in the field of battle; 5000 and some hundreds lie in our hospitals. In Vienna and the suburbs there are at present 29,773 wounded; many were carried to St. Polten, Enns, and as far as Linz, 2,300 were taken. Several hundred corps floated down the Danube, and still daily thrown upon its shores; meet their death in the island of Lobau, since the water has fallen in the arms of the river, innumerable bodies consigning by their comrades to everlasting oblivion, have become visible. The horror of the sufferers is not yet over, and a pestilential air is wafted from the theatre of death.

His imperial highness, the generalissimo, has indeed undertaken the duty so dear to his heart of acquainting the monarch and the country with the names of those who took the most active share in the achievements of these glorious days; but he acknowledges with profound emotion, that amidst the valour of the highest military virtues, it is scarcely possible to distinguish the most meritorious, and declares all the soldiers of Aspern worthy of public gratitude.

His imperial highness considers the intelligent disposition of the chief of his staff, general baron Wimpssen, and his incessant exertions as the foundation of the victory.

The officers commanding corps have rendered themselves deserving of the highest favors, by uncommon devotedness, personal bravery, warm attachment to their sovereign, and their high sense of honor.

Their names will be transmitted to posterity, with the achievements of the valorous troops who were under their directions.

[Here follows a list of officers who distinguished themselves, which is unnecessary to the American reader. We observe in the commendations, that the mode of praise is alike given to the soldier or the general, by publishing the name of the former, with his achievements.]

BALTIMORE, Sept. 9.

Arrived, brig Eutaw, Capt. 35 days from the island of Sylt. Sailed 4th August. Lying American vessels. Off Cape Henry spoke schooner Mary, Bell, from Barbados for New York. September 7th, spoke brig Victory, from Jamaica for New York.

List of vessels arrived at Tomnington from May 3 to July 20, 1809.

June 9. Ship Florida, Smith, of Bath, from Charleston, sailed 22d July for Russia.

15. Schooner Superior, Forbes, from Baltimore, sailed for Russia.

July 1. Ship Montesquieu, Wilson, from Philadelphia, discharging.

5. Schooner Halcyon, Page, from Beverly, & brig Criterion, Barker, from Plymouth, taken by Danish privateers with pilots on board, and under adjudication.

11. Ship Arab, Downing, from Salem, discharging.

20. Ship Sally, Crans, from Boston.

Brig Venus, Bryant, from Salem.

16. Schooner Discovery, Ray, from Philadelphia, vessel and cargo lost at the entrance of the river Eyder, crew saved by the pilot boat.

Ship Liberty, Kingston, from Philadelphia, stranded at the mouth of Eyder, vessel and greater part of the cargo will be lost.

LIST of American vessels taken by Danish privateers, and carried into Norway.

Bark Packet, from Marblehead, carried into Christian-Sand—cleared and sailed.

Ann, of Boston, Howe, condemned in the prize court.

Henry Edward, Foster, from Gloucester, do. do.

Suwarow, Leck, of Beverly, carried do. do.

Ship Jane, McLellan, of Portland, do. do.

Ship Rachel, Jones, of Salem, do. do.

Ship Atlantic, Fountain, do. do.

List of vessels taken into Copenhagen.

Ship Aurora, Masters, from Salem, do. do.

Brig —, Harris, from Salem, permitted to unload the cargo, to be deposited in the government stores until a decision in the prize court.

Brig Commerce, Otis, last from Lisbon, condemned on charge of having been in England.

Ship Helvetius, Bosh, from Philadelphia, detained for adjudication charged with having

Swedish property on board. Ship Hecce, Ogle, detained for adjudication on account of war, on account of which they consider him as that the laws of England apply.

Brig Spencer of Baltimore. Two vessels in ballast, names not recollected. Ship Robby and Betsey, as been condemned.

Also, brig George, from Kingston, Jam. August, brig Merriam, from Havana; schooner, arrived in for adjudication, experience 2500 tons to answer an appeal. The brig Chatham, a brig belonging to the United States, detained in the harbor by some unknown. On belonging to capt. Ten-

From the Boston. By the Evelina, which from Halifax, we received 25th ult. There had been that place from Eu-

We last evening received from Boston to the National 11th, we have copied a circular letter, issued by the U. S. These proceedings any extraordinary on the part of the American, but app ar to result from which the affairs of Government have reverted in consequence of the ministers having proceedings of Mr. E-

Extract of a letter from man of the first respect, dated July 1. "Several persons Mexico. They inform government of that to send every Frenchman and its dependence the case they will not ranks of the Red r from Cuba have already and many more. When we reflect upon old French settlers to United States, with elected accession of s becomes truly critical Clayborne, doubtless with the wisdom and population, has grossly in position of the people thereby lulled the go-

security. It will be the memorable expedition to the Sabine Frenchmen were called openly resisted the motion them, and declared that the Lo- ever would make enemy, foreign or do- any thing again dignity of the U. Stat- tionism and extolling

By these things imposed upon a of truth has made no who should be the g- We have told them have answered: "It a faction to which

But the time known, but I fe- even the faithful se- civers." The Frenc- every day disc- of their disaffection, led to a people w- ms are entirely diffi- people, the benefi- not appreciate, a ok upon, not as- waters. Consequ- owing how consid- nted, they look u- rrisons here with d boldly deride ou- ment.

There is no Am- self safe. Our n- tedly been ma-

A valuable Blacksmith and his Wife for Sale.

FOR SALE, a valuable BLACKSMITH, who is also a pretty good Carpenter, with his WIFE.

Enquire of the Printer.

August 31st.

dtf

PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will expose to public sale at the coffee-house on the 10th day of next month, on a credit of sixty and ninety days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 131 18 per annum,

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground situated at the intersection of Wolfe and Union-streets, and extending southwardly along the west side of Union street one hundred and fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south side of Wolfe street sixty two feet six inches. The payment of this rent is secured by valuable permanent improvements on the lot.

And if from the sale of the above rent, charge the sum required by the decree of the court cannot be raised—the subscribers will then proceed to sell, at the same place, and on the same credit—

One undivided seventh part of the reversion in fee,

Expectant on the death of Jane Roberdeau, widow of Daniel Roberdeau, deceased, in the following Lots, that is to say, one Lot on the east side of Water street between Wolfe and Wilke's streets, in front on Water-street 51 feet 3 inches, in depth 125 feet, and bounded on the north by an alley 4 feet wide.—On this lot is erected a handsome and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house, with the usual out-houses. And two other lots adjoining each other on the west side of Union-street forty one feet, in depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.

Cuthbert Powell.

September 8.

d30t

Land for Sale.

GREAT BARGAIN.

I will sell from about fifty to sixty acres of Land lying in this county, and binding upon the road now opening from Geo. Town to Alexandria. This land is elegantly situated in point of building sites, and has the further advantage of being furnished with delightful water, and from its high elevated situation the benefit of the most salubrious air. If necessary this property will be laid out in lots so as to suit those who may be inclined to purchase. Applications to be made to JOHN LUKE, Esq. or to

Charles Alexander,

(Son of Philip)

Alexandria County, July 19.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommended the Grocery Business, At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS, Which are of a superior quality.—He will dist pose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2.

dtf.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Corner of King and Union-streets, HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in casks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheds and barrels.

Do. inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheds.

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garrett's Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco, Madder, Copperas, Soal Leather, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families, a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats, Paister of Paris, &c.

April 17,

d

FOR SALE,

The following VALUABLE PROPERTY.

A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING 1600 acres, more or less, called and known by the name of Buffalo Marsh, lying within 12 miles of Winchester, in the county of Frederick, in the state of Virginia. On about 900 acres of this tract there are several very well improved farms tenanted for life or lives, the balance free of all incumbrance, including an excellent merchant mill built with stone, the whole yielding an annual rent of about 800 dollars. Much of this tract is very fertile, well watered, and all abundance of timber. It is generally rolling, but part of it is hilly and stoney, chiefly of lime stone. It will be laid off to suit purchasers.

Another tract, called Hollis's

Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland containing about 2800 acres, bordering on the river Potomac, adjoining the Stratford estate, and the late residence of Richard Lee, esq. of Chantilly. On the estate are a number of arms and tenants at will. Part of this land is extremely fertile, and all of it as good as the lands generally are in that part of the country. The Marsh affords excellent range for stock, and is happily situated for fish and fowls of which that river abounds, and must be a desirable estate to any person who may choose to reside in that part of the country. It will however be laid off to suit purchasers.

The above lands are held by deeds of purchase duly recorded in the general court.

Another tract containing 992

acres, lying in the county of Berkeley, adjoining the residence of Rawleigh Colston, esq. of which about 660 acres is leased for the balance of the life of an aged man, the rest tenanted at will. This land is situated in what is called the big bend of Potomac, and borders on it. In point of fertility it is esteemed inferior to none in that part of the state and is held by deed from James Marshall, esq.

Seven other tracts containing

1000 acres each, adjoining each other in the county of Mason, within a few miles of the Ohio, between the two Kanawha's on the waters of Sandy Creek, which runs through a considerable part of it. It adjoins the lands of general Washington, and the late Benjamin Harrison, jun. esq. A large portion of it is rich bottom and the upland of very good quality. It is held under the original patent by deeds duly recorded in the general court.

Five full & complete Shares

in the District Swamp Company.

Upwards of 16,000 acres of

Lands, being very old military rights, lying in the states of Ohio, Kentucky and the Indiana territory, chiefly patented in my own name and ready to be shewn

A more particular description of the foregoing property may be seen by applying to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Richmond, who is authorized to make contracts, or to myself in Alexandria. The titles are all undoubted and the terms proposed are, one fourth cash at the time of conveyance, the balance in three instalments, the last two to be of interest from the date. Any species of the public stock and of the different Banks in the United States of Insurance Companies—the Potomac Bridge and Turnpike Companies will be received in payment according to their fair value. Ground rents in the city of Richmond and town of Alexandria, or Houses and Lots, will likewise be received in payment according to such rates as may be agreed upon.

John Hopkins.

July 27.

2aw6m

New House of Entertainment.

THOMAS RHODES, respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria and the public, that he will open A HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT on the first day of July next, in a commodious and airy new house on Prince-street, sign of the Eagle, a few doors above Thomas Swann's dwelling.—He intends to keep a constant supply of the best LIQUORS and PROVISIONS, and will accommodate travellers and others on such moderate terms as to make it an object to call on him. He will be provided with a careful hostler and has good stabling for horses.

The situation is superior to any in town for the accommodation of travellers, it being out of the way of bustle and there is a pump of the best water at the door

June 27.

2aw

County of Alexandria, May 11, 1809.

Was Committed

To the jail of this county, as a runaway, NEGRO MAN, who says his name is Henry Haggerman. He is about twenty seven years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, stout made, had on a white linen jacket and trousers, has a scar on his nose. The owner is requested to come and prove his or her property, pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

James Campbell, jailor.

May 1—(July 29)

law3m

TO MILLERS.

I HAVE invented a machine called a Wheat Rubber, for which I obtained a patent on the first day of this month. This machine may be seen in operation in the mill of Nathaniel Ellicott, Occoquan. Those millers who feel an interest in investigating its merit and have not an opportunity of visiting Occoquan, may be fully informed by application to Mr. Ellicott by letter. My Wheat-Rubber, I do verily believe is upon entire new principles; the cost of erecting it a trifle, the materials of which it is composed easily attainable in any part of our country, and the plan simple in the extreme: any workman of common capacity will be enabled to erect it from description only. Practical millers know, that in a great proportion of the wheat that comes to market (from the manner it is stacked in the fields by the farmers and exposed to the weather) a number of sprouted and unsound grains mingle with the mass, and has eluded the ingenuity of the miller to separate it from the sound grain—they also know those unsound grains injure materially the taste and color of flour—my machine not only frees the wheat of stone, onion, cockle, dirt, &c. but does absolutely take from it every unsound grain, from what cause soever it may have been injured, as my machine will not let any unsound wheat pass it—millers may have their screen wire much finer than hitherto used, and thereby save considerably—it will also be found that the grain in passing the rubber, is polished, and that even the eyes of the wheat is picked perfectly clean of dust or dirt. Some instances having occurred of certificates being obtained, saying much more in favor of a new invention than the public are willing to admit after trial—I hope it will be a sufficient apology for my taking a different course. My price for the privilege of using the rubber is fifty dollars for each pair of wheat stones the mill contains.

Letters directed to me post paid shall be attended to.

James Deneale.

Dumfries, Va. July

10—11.

d3w1aw2m

Domestic Manufactures.

THE subscriber proposes erecting at the Centre Mills, near Alexandria, a Machine for carding Wool, and expects to have it ready to run by the 30th of the present month. It will card the wool and form it into rolls for the spinning wheel, or into batts for hatters, or other purposes. The advantage of having wool prepared by these machines for the purpose of manufacturing it to yarn over that which is carded by hand, is generally acknowledged, as being the cheapest and most perfect in its operation. Those persons who may incline to give encouragement to this establishment, may depend on the utmost punctuality as to time and unremitting attention in the execution of the work. The wool when carded into rolls will be packed in such manner as to preserve it in the most perfect state for spinning, and may be transported any reasonable distance without injury. Wool, sent to the carder, must be clean washed, clear of burrs, small sticks or other extraneous matter and as sorted in such manner as may suit the owner; and each quality shall be kept separate. The expense of carding will be eight cents for that which is made into rolls, and five cents for batts per lb. payable at the time of delivering, or payment will be received in wool of good quality at 40 cents per pound, as may suit the convenience of the owner.

George Drinker.

August 19.

co

Coppermith & Tin-Plate-Worker.

THE subscriber continues to make and repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN WARE, and also carries on the BRASS-FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direction of William Fletcher, and will execute any work in that line.

FOR SALE,

15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bohemia Window Glass, of a good quality.

TO LET,

The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by myself, which is made to accommodate one or two families—I will give a lease on moderate terms. Also, the Brick House on the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools. For Sale or to Let, on a Ground Rent for ever,

63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, it is situate nearly opposite the diagonal pump in a good part of the town.

The highest price will be given for old Copper, Pewter, Brass and Lead.

George M'Munn.

Who has for hire a handsome light Coach with a careful driver.

August 30.

3m

New-England Rum.

Thirtybarrels, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville.

Corner of King and Fairfax streets

Scheme of a Lottery,

For founding a COLLEGE in Baltimore.

2 prizes o	20,000	is	40,000
3	10,000		30,000
3	5,000		15,000
2	2,500		10,000
10	1,000		10,000
15	500		10,000
20	200		10,000
50	100		10,000
100	50		10,000
200	20		10,000
3500	15		10,000
3500	12		10,000

7405 Prizes. } Not two to a Prize,

14595 Blanks. } At the above Prizes the following are tickets

ary :

First drawn Ticket	1st do. after	1000 Tickets	1000
First do.	2000		1000
First do.	3000		1000
First do.	4000		1000
First do.	5000		1000
First do.	6000		1000
First do.	7000		1000
First do.	8000		1000
First do.	9000		1000
First do.	10000		1000
First do.	11000		1000
First do.	12000		1000
First do.	13000		1000
First do.	14000		1000
First do.	15000		1000
First do.	16000		1000
First do.	17000		1000
First do.	18000		1000
First do.	19000		1000
First do.	20000		1000
First do.	21000		1000

Last drawn Ticket

The above Lottery commences drawing on the first Monday in November next, and will be continued regularly at the rate of fifteen hundred tickets each week until finished—prizes in the late New-York and Baltimore lotteries, taken in payment for tickets in his.

A correct list of the drawing will be received two or three times a week, and all tickets sold by the subscriber examined free of expence.

Present price of tickets, Ten Dollars Five Cents; but will in a few days be raised to Eleven Dollars—

For sale by

Robert Gray.

August 8.

A further Proof

Yarwood's useful Washing Machine.

We the subscribers have found, on trial, Joseph Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine to answer fully the intended purpose of washing cloths of every description, and do hereby recommend them to the public as a great saving of soap, labor and cloths. Given under our hands this day of June, 1809.

(Signed)

Dorothea Krouse, Cathinder Calder, Ann McCarren, Martha Abercrombie, Ruth Devon, Rebecca Hattersley, Valina Brown, Elizabeth Black, Jane B. Swann H. Dick, Susanna Rounsaville, Elizabeth Wilson, Elizabeth Snyder, Nancy Kell, Sarah Kelsey, Margaret B. Manley, Mary Fendley, Mary Steel, Sarah Fitzgough, Mary Duffell, Persia Hodgkin, Carolina Hopkins, Sarah F. McKenay, Elizabeth Muir, Polly Rhoades, Elizabeth Longden, Ann Snowden, Ann Davies, Mary Bogan, Mary Slade, Betsey Turner, Mary Smith, Sarah G. Jamney.

With pleasure I do return my sincere thanks to the above named ladies, and many others who have favored me with their certificates and custom in the purchase of Yarwood's Patent Washing Machine. I find them still in great demand in this place, but finding a very great scarcity of plank to answer the purpose of making them here, I shall in a few days commence making them to the southward. But will endeavor to supply others at a short notice after my return. I have a few now made on hand, which can be had if applied for soon.

Wm. C. Newton,

Assignee of Joseph Yarwood.

July 24.

N. B. Mr. John Troup with superintending the making, and supplying customers in my absence.

Wm. C. NEWTON.

DIRECTIONS HOW TO USE

YARWOOD'S

Patent Washing Machine.

First fill the barrel half full of your suds, then fill the bottom of the Reservoir with hot suds up to the side planks, turn the Crank backwards and forwards so as to make the cloths fall the hardest against the sides of the barrel for about twenty-five minutes, then use the same suds with a little more soap and hot water for the next finest cloths, until the suds are unfit for use, then second your cloths in the same way with boiling suds, after which bring a little soap on the dirtiest parts of the cloths; then rinse them in the machine in warm or cold water.

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Sales at

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Enquire

July 29.

FOR

50 hogsheds SUC

150 bags COFFEE

10 hogsheds Ant

40 bales best CO

July 10.

Joseph

CORNER OF KING